INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Civic Builders, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2018, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 25, 2019, on our consideration of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lutz + Can, LLP

New York, New York April 25, 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets	
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1b and 15)	¢ 4249.769
Cash restricted by Board of Directors (Notes 1b and 15)	\$ 4,348,768 1,000,000
Restricted cash (Notes 11, 15 and 16)	19,909,388
Unrestricted investments (Notes 1c, 5 and 15)	11,651,058
Unconditional promises to give (Notes 1h and 4)	, ,
Without donor restrictions	50,270
With donor restrictions	75,000
Other assets	487,714
Construction reimbursement receivable	117,542
Notes receivable (Note 9)	416,773
Total Current Assets	38,056,513
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted cash (Notes 11, 15 and 16)	4,418,469
Restricted investments (Notes 1c, 5, 15 and 16)	7,448,693
Other assets	2,881,196
Investments in New Markets Tax Credit entities (Note 8)	9,800
Real estate, at cost, net of accumulated amortization and	24 700 000
depreciation (Notes 1e, 6 and 7)	31,799,822
Notes receivable (Note 9) Mortgage escrow deposit (Note 11)	21,029,982 500,000
Deferred leasing costs, net of accumulated amortization	300,000
of \$368,483 (Note 1f)	1,427,459
Office improvements and equipment, at cost, net of	1,121,100
accumulated depreciation (Note 1g)	80,210
Total Non-Current Assets	69,595,631
	•
Total Assets	\$107,652,144
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	\$ 387,822
Construction accounts payable	4,253,506
Loans payable (Note 11)	974,657
Total Current Liabilities	5,615,985
Non-Current Liabilities	
Loans payable (Notes 1i and 11)	57,479,796
Deferred rent payable (Note 1k)	2,944
Interest rate swap (Notes 1I, 13 and 14)	94,648
Tenants' security deposits and reserves	3,919,700
Total Non-Current Liabilities	61,497,088
Total Liabilities	67,113,073
	01,110,010
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 6, 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14)	
Net Assets	
Without Donor Restrictions	
Operating Paral desires to describe a series (Note 2)	28,806,859
Board-designated cash reserve (Note 3)	1,000,000
Total Without Donor Restrictions	29,806,859 40,733,343
With donor restrictions (Note 3)	10,732,212
Total Net Assets	40,539,071
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$107,652,144

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	
Revenue, Gains and Other Support (Excluding Public Support)	Φ 4.570.440
Rental income (Note 10) Interest income	\$ 4,576,412
Sponsor fees (Note 8)	1,063,891 400,000
Unrealized loss gain on investment	(3,496)
Realized gain on sale of investment	(3,490)
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap (Notes 13 and 14)	(94,648)
Consulting income	165,000
Management fees (Note 8)	1,639,875
Other income	1,628
	1,020
Total Revenue, Gains and Other Support (Excluding Public	
Support)	7,748,765
Expenses	
Program Services	
Rental and project development	7,686,581
Supporting Services	
Management and general	1,156,799
Fundraising	248,542
Total Supporting Services	1,405,341
Total Expenses	9,091,922
Decrease in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions (Excluding	
Public Support)	(1,343,157)
Public Support	
Contributions (Notes 1h and 4)	451,298
Donated interest (Notes 1i and 11)	64,207
Net assets released from restrictions	1,857,857
Total Public Support	2,373,362
Increase in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	1,030,205
Changes in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	
Contributions (Notes 1h and 4)	1,226,450
Donated interest (Notes 1i and 11)	929,648
Interest	64,667
Unrealized gain on investment	17,601
Net assets released from restrictions	(1,857,857)
Increase in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	380,509
Increase in net assets	1,410,714
Distribution to Civic Builders, Inc. (non-Civic entities)	326
Net assets, beginning of year	39,128,031
Net Assets, End of Year	\$40,539,071

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Supporting Services			
	Program	Management			Total
	Services	and General	<u>Fundraising</u>	Total	Expenses
Salaries	\$1,803,142	\$ 398,327	\$ 157,352	\$ 555,679	\$2,358,821
Payroll taxes and benefits	354,003	78,202	30,892	109,094	463,097
Consulting services	331,858	205,992	15,014	221,006	552,864
Facilities	2,134,301	37,441	14,790	52,231	2,186,532
Grant expense	18,232	-	-	-	18,232
Insurance	103,898	47,105	-	47,105	151,003
Non recoverable pre-development	65,062	-	-	-	65,062
Professional fees	64,023	283,057	-	283,057	347,080
Marketing	-	-	18,117	18,117	18,117
Supplies and general	90,993	41,105	7,941	49,046	140,039
Travel	50,834	41,162	4,436	45,598	96,432
Interest	1,491,880	-	-	-	1,491,880
Amortized interest	160,446	-	-	-	160,446
Depreciation and amortization	1,017,909	24,408		24,408	1,042,317
Total Expenses	\$7,686,581	\$ 1,156,799	\$ 248,542	\$1,405,341	\$9,091,922

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Increase in net assets	\$ 1,410,714
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net	. , ,
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	1,042,317
Amortized interest	160,446
Unrealized gain on investment	(14,105)
Realized gain on sale of investment	(103)
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap	94,648
Donated interest	(929,648)
(Increase) decrease in:	, ,
Unconditional promises to give	957,786
Construction reimbursement receivable	(2,200)
Other assets	(239,649)
Increase (decrease) in:	, ,
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	67,075
Grants payable	(840,000)
Deferred rent payable	(121,340)
Tenants' security deposits and reserves	1,348,983
Fiscal agent	(50,000)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2,884,924
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Purchase of investments	(23,468,891)
Redemption of investments	23,528,705
Purchase of real estate and construction costs	(8,526,980)
Notes receivable	(5,252,395)
Office improvements, equipment and deferred leasing costs	(1,058,703)
Construction accounts payable	1,588,746
Net Cash Used By Investing Activities	(13,189,518)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(13,109,310)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities	
Proceeds from loans	32,575,063
Deferred financing costs	(1,022,203)
Repayments of loans	(1,134,843)
Investment from Civic Builders, Inc. (non-Civic entities)	(2,185)
Distribution to Civic Builders, Inc. (non-Civic entities)	326
Restricted cash	(21,086,972)
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	9,329,186
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(975,408)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	6,324,176
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 5,348,768
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information	Ф 4 6 40 40 7
Interest paid	\$ 1,648,437

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a - Organization

Civic Builders, Inc. ("Civic") is a not-for-profit facilities developer and lender that provides real estate solutions for charter schools. Civic relieves charter schools of the responsibility for planning, developing and financing facilities, enabling charter school administrators to focus time and resources on the important work of educating children. As a mitigator of facilities risk and uncertainty, Civic helps create an environment that attracts new government, philanthropic and commercial funds for the creation of new charter school real estate.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Civic Builders, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries: Civic Properties, Inc. - Longfellow; Civic Builders Property Holding Corp.; Civic Hunts Point Ave Charter Corp; 1818 Civic, LLC; 35 W. 124th Street, LLC; Civic St. Nicholas, LLC; Civic Lafayette Ave, LLC; Civic 732 Henry, LLC; Civic GW, LLC; Civic RI PRI Fund, LLC; Civic RI Broad St Sr Lender LLC; Civic RI Broad St Jr Lender LLC; Civic RI Lonsdale Ave Jr Lender LLC; Civic RI Central Falls Charter I LLC; Civic Fund Manager LLC; Civic Fund Manager II LLC; Civic Charter Lender, Inc.; Civic NYC Fund, Inc.; Civic 411 Wales Corporation; Civic East 156 Street Corporation; Civic Concourse Village Corporation and certain other wholly owned limited liability companies and corporations that had no assets or liabilities at December 31, 2018 and no activity during the year. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

b - Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, Civic considers all highly liquid instruments, including money market mutual funds, to be cash equivalents.

c - Investments

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Investments with fair values that are based on quoted market prices in active markets are classified within Level 1.

Interest, dividends and gains and losses on investments are reflected in the statement of activities as increases and decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulations or by law. Gains and other investment income that are limited to specific uses by donor-imposed restrictions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Generally accepted accounting principles establish a framework for measuring fair value which maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available.

Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Foundation. Unobservable inputs reflect Civic's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. Fair value measurements are categorized into three levels based on these inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that Civic has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

e - Real Estate

Real estate is stated at cost and is depreciated using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straightline method over the term of the lease agreement.

f - Deferred Financing and Leasing Costs

Costs incurred in connection with obtaining financing and entering into leases with tenants are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the applicable agreement. The deferred financing costs reduce the carrying amount of debt.

g - Office Improvements and Equipment

Office improvements and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset or the term of the lease agreement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

h - <u>Unconditional Promises to Give</u>

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to Civic, that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

Civic uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible promises to give. The allowance is based on prior years' experience and management's analysis of specific promises made.

i - Donated Interest

The difference between the stated interest rate and imputed interest rate (based on Applicable Federal Rate) is recorded as donated interest and a discount to the loan principal balance. Interest expense is recognized and added back to the loan principal balance annually through the loan's maturity.

j - Grants Awarded

Grants awarded are recognized as expenses in the period the award is made. Grants payable later than one year from the end of the fiscal year are discounted to present value using a discount rate of 3%.

k - Deferred Rent Payable

Office rent expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease (Note 12a). The difference between the straight-line amount and the amount actually paid during the year is recorded as a reduction to deferred rent and rent expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

I - Interest-Rate Swaps

Two Civic subsidiaries use interest-rate swap agreements for the purpose of managing interest rate risks. The interest-rate swap agreements will be used to convert the Civic subsidiaries' floating rate long-term debt to a fixed rate (Note 13). The related liability or asset are reported at fair value in the statement of financial position within level 3 (Note 14), and unrealized gains or losses are included in the statement of activities.

m - Functional Allocation of Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The basis of employees' estimates of time and effort is used to allocate salaries, payroll taxes and benefits, facilities and travel.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n - Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of Civic have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which require Civic to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to the following net asset classifications:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of Civic. These net assets may be used at the discretion of Civic's management and board of directors.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of Civic or the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

o - Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

p - Tax Status

Civic, Civic Hunts Point Ave Charter Corp. ("Hunts Point"), Civic NYC Fund Inc. ("NYC Fund"), Civic 411 Wales Corporation ("411 Wales") and Civic Charter Lender Inc. are not-for-profit organizations exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and have been designated as organizations which are not private foundations.

Civic Properties, Inc.- Longfellow and Civic Builders Property Holding Corp. are not-for-profit organizations exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1818 Civic, LLC; 35 W. 124th Street, LLC; Civic St. Nicholas, LLC; Civic Lafayette Ave, LLC; Civic 732 Henry, LLC; Civic GW, LLC; Civic RI PRI Fund, LLC; Civic RI Broad St Sr Lender LLC; Civic RI Broad St Jr Lender LLC; Civic RI Lonsdale Ave Jr Lender LLC; Civic Fund Manager LLC and Civic Fund Manager II LLC are limited liability companies wholly owned by Civic Builders, Inc. Accordingly, their income and expenses are combined with those of Civic Builders, Inc. for income tax purposes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

p - <u>Tax Status</u> (continued)

Civic Central Falls Charter I LLC ("Charter I") is a single member limited liability company wholly owned by Civic RI PRI Fund, LLC, which is a single member LLC wholly owned by Civic. Charter I is a not-for-profit organization exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been designated as an organization which is a not private foundation.

Civic East 156 Street Corporation ("East 156") and Civic Concourse Village Corporation ("Concourse") are corporations wholly owned by NYC Fund, a corporation wholly owned by Civic Builders, Inc. East 156's application for 501 (c) (3) designation is pending. Concourse expects to apply for 501 (c) (3) designation during 2019.

q - Subsequent Events

Civic has evaluated subsequent events through April 25, 2019, the date that the financial statements are considered available to be issued.

r - New Accounting Pronouncements

Civic adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958), Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The ASU amends the current reporting model for nonprofit organizations and enhances their required disclosures. The major changes include: (a) requiring the presentation of only two classes of net assets now entitled "net assets without donor restrictions" and "net assets with donor restrictions;" (b) requiring the disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information regarding liquidity and availability of resources; (c) requiring that all nonprofits present an analysis of expenses by function and nature and disclose the methods used to allocate costs; (d) modifying the presentation of underwater endowment funds and related disclosures; and (e) modifying other financial statement reporting requirements and disclosures intended to increase the usefulness of nonprofit financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)". The core principles of ASU 2016-02 change the way organizations will account for their leases by recognizing lease assets and related liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than twelve months and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Civic is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2016-02 on its financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 2 - Information Regarding Liquidity and Availability

Civic operates with board approved operating and capital budgets for each fiscal year based on the sources expected to be available to fund anticipated uses. Substantial portions of the annual sources are comprised of contractual earned revenue and contribution revenue raised during the current year. Substantial portions of the annual uses are comprised of contractual program activities as well as investments into new development projects.

Civic regularly monitors liquidity to meet its operating and capital needs and other commitments and obligations, while seeking to preserve the principal of its available funds. Management prepares regular cash flow projections to determine liquidity need, and has a policy to maintain liquid financial assets on an ongoing basis sufficient to cover 90 days of operating expenditures and 180 days of anticipated investments into new development projects. Financial assets in excess of daily cash requirements are invested in short term certificates of deposits, U.S. treasury bills and notes, and money market mutual funds that invests solely in U.S. government securities.

Civic's financial assets not including contractual earned revenue as of December 31, 2018, that are available within one year to meet cash needs for operating and capital uses within one year are summarized as follows:

Financial Assets at Year-End:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,348,768
Cash restricted by the Board of Directors	1,000,000
Restricted cash	24,327,857
Investments	19,099,751
Unconditional promises to give	125,270
Other assets - accounts and construction reimbursement	
receivables	438,885
Notes receivable	21,446,755
Mortgage escrow deposit	500,000
Total Financial Assets	71,287,286
Less Amounts Not Available to be Used Within One Year: Restricted cash held as tenants' security deposits and loan	
funding reserves	(3,263,865)
Accounts receivable due in excess of one year	(86,430)
Net assets with donor restrictions subject to expenditure	
specific purposes or passage of time	(9,349,676)
Cash restricted by the Board of Directors	(1,000,000)
Notes receivable - non current	(21,029,982)
Mortgage escrow	(500,000)
Financial Assets Available to Meet General Expenditures	
Within One Year	<u>\$36,057,333</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 3 - Net Assets

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

The Board of Directors has established a \$1 million board-designated cash reserve.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

Operating	
Subject to expenditure for specified purposes	\$ 8,927,564
Subject to passage of time	1,804,648
	<u>\$10,732,212</u>

Note 4 - <u>Unconditional Promises to Give</u>

Unconditional promises to give are due within one year. Uncollectible promises to give are expected to be insignificant.

At December 31, 2018, approximately 60% of unconditional promises to give were from one donor.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, Civic received approximately 68% of its contributions from two donors.

Note 5 - <u>Investments</u>

Investments, which are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy, consist of the following at December 31, 2018:

	Cost	Fair <u>Value</u>
U.S. Treasury notes Certificates of deposit	\$ 7,433,344 11,660,585	\$ 7,448,693 11,651,058
Total	<u>\$19,093,929</u>	<u>\$19,099,751</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 - Real Estate

Real estate consists of:

\$ 2,144,985
28,484,397
<u>7,911,023</u>
38,540,405
<u>(6,740,583)</u>
\$31,799,822

Real estate includes land and buildings thereon, and improvements to property owned or leased by Civic. All are leased to charter schools.

A Civic subsidiary has purchased land in Cumberland, Rhode Island and built a school and leased it to a charter school. The costs for this project have been recorded as land and building improvements.

Two Civic subsidiaries entered into two agreements to lease property at 411 Wales Avenue, Bronx, NY and 757 Concourse Village, Bronx, NY for the purpose of renovating the properties and subleasing them to two charter schools. In connection with these projects, the development costs have been recorded as construction in progress at December 31, 2018.

Note 7 - Development Projects

Projects are primarily developed in a partnership between Civic and a charter school. These projects generally require an investment from Civic, the charter school, and debt financing. Civic earns a development fee on these projects.

Note 8 - New Markets Tax Credit Transactions

Civic participates in the federal New Markets Tax Credit ("NMTC") program, which is authorized under Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as both (a) a certified Community Development Entity ("CDE"), and (b) as a developer of charter school facilities projects eligible for NMTC financing.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 8 - New Markets Tax Credit Transactions (continued)

- (a) As a CDE, Civic has been awarded \$118,000,000 of NMTC allocation authority by the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund, including \$40,000,000 in 2018. As of April 24, 2019, Civic has sub-allocated \$98,000,000 of NMTC allocation to ten limited liability companies certified as subsidiary CDEs ("Sub-CDE"), \$20,000,000 of which was sub-allocated in 2018. Each Sub-CDE received a qualified equity investment ("QEI") from an investment fund owned by a third-party NMTC investor and used substantially all of the proceeds to make one or more qualified low-income community investments ("QLICIs") to a qualified active low-income business ("QALICB"). Civic has a 0.01% interest in each Sub-CDE and manages the entity in accordance with an operating agreement between Civic and the investment fund. Civic provided each NMTC investor with a limited indemnity in the event that specified actions or inactions by Civic as a CDE result in a reduction, recapture or disallowance of the NMTCs. In connection with these transactions, Civic has earned or will earn asset management and sponsor fees.
- (b) As a developer of charter school facilities, Civic formed QALICBs which used QLICI proceeds to fund construction of projects eligible for NMTC financing, including a certain wholly owned subsidiary of Civic that borrowed QLICI loans during 2018 (Note 11). For these development projects, Civic provided the NMTC investor with a limited indemnity in the event that specified actions or inactions by Civic were to result in a reduction, recapture or disallowance of the NMTCs. At the end of the seven-year credit allowance period, pursuant to a put-call agreement, the investor has the option to put its ownership interest in the investment fund to Civic in exchange for \$1,000. If the investor does not exercise its put right, Civic has the option to acquire investor's ownership interest in the investment fund in exchange for its fair market value. In connection with these development projects, Civic has earned or will earn asset management, sponsor and development fees. For some of these development projects, Civic formed certain wholly owned subsidiaries that lent to investment funds (Note 9), that in turn, made QEIs in the CDEs that provided the QLICIs.

Note 9 - Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consist of:

A loan bearing interest at 6.5% per annum. Commencing August 16, 2020, monthly payments are to be made at the rate of 1% per annum, with the unpaid interest being added to the principal amount. Commencing January 31, 2025, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity on December 31, 2042. As of December 31, 2018, Civic had lent \$1,795,417.

\$1,795,417

Sub-total (carried forward)

1,795,417

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 9 - Notes Receivable (continued)

Sub-total (brought forward)	\$1,795,417
A loan bearing interest at 6.5% per annum. Commencing August 31, 2020, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity on December 31, 2042.	1,138,080
Two loans bearing interest at 5.446% per annum through November 15, 2015. Commencing December 15, 2015, monthly payments of principal and interest are due on both notes through maturity on May 31, 2021. The subsidiary borrowed the funds to make these two notes receivable (Note 11).	6,839,297
A loan bearing interest at 1.22% per annum, through December 15, 2020. Commencing January 15, 2021, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity on December 31, 2045. The subsidiary borrowed the funds to make this loan from another Civic subsidiary, which in turn borrowed the substantial portion of this amount from a foundation (Note 11).	2,871,562
A loan bearing interest at 1.65% per annum, through December 30, 2021. Commencing January 30, 2022, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity on December 31, 2044. The subsidiary borrowed the funds to make this loan from another Civic subsidiary, which in turn borrowed the substantial portion of this amount from a foundation (Note 11).	2,259,000
A loan bearing interest at 1% per annum, through December 20, 2022. Commencing January 20, 2023, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity on December 31, 2045.	232,900
A loan bearing interest at 5% per annum through September 30, 2018. Commencing September 30, 2018, quarterly payments of interest and principal will be due through maturity on December 15, 2022.	1,000,000
A loan bearing interest at 5.75% per annum through July 15, 2023 requiring quarterly interest payments through April 15, 2022. Commencing July 15, 2022, quarterly payments of interest and principal will be due through maturity on July 15, 2023.	65,500
A loan of up to \$116,667, bearing interest at 5% per annum up to a maximum of three years, requiring quarterly interest payments through maturity. The principal will be due upon the return of borrower's security deposit from its landlord.	70,000
Sub-total (carried forward)	16,271,756

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 9 - Notes Receivable (continued)

Sub-total (brought forward) \$16,271,756

A loan bearing interest at 4.81% per annum. On August 27, 2025, accumulated interest of \$1,233,078 is due. Commencing September 20, 2025, monthly payments of interest will be due through September 20, 2032. Commencing October 20, 2032, monthly payments of principal and interest will be due through maturity through maturity on August 31, 2058. This loan was made in connection with the financing of a charter school built by a subsidiary of Civic.

5,174,999

Total Notes Receivable

21,446,755

Less: Current portion

(416,773)

Non-Current Portion

\$21,029,982

Note 10 - Tenant Leases

Civic has entered into leases for properties occupied or to be occupied by fifteen charter schools. These leases expire at various dates through 2112.

Approximate future minimum rents to be received from these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2019	\$ 4,419,000
2020	4,261,000
2021	4,371,000
2022	4,485,000
2023	4,602,000
Thereafter	79,336,000

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 11 - Loans Payable

Loans payable consist of:

During January 2016, a Civic subsidiary refinanced its existing mortgage and entered into a \$2,678,000 loan with a CDFI. The loan requires monthly payments of \$25,857, including principal payments based on a twelve-year amortization period and interest at the rate of 5.8% per annum through its maturity on January 1, 2028. The mortgage requires the maintenance of certain cash reserve accounts, investment accounts and ratios.

\$ 2,171,559

During March 2017, A Civic subsidiary entered into an amended and restated loan agreement in the amount of \$3,250,000 which required a payment of \$1,021,817 to the lender. The restated loan requires monthly payments of \$28,789, including principal and interest at the rate of 5.25% per annum, through maturity on March 28, 2030. The Civic subsidiary is permitted to prepay the note in whole without any penalty or fee beginning March 28, 2020. Prior to that date, the loan may be prepaid subject to a prepayment penalty as defined in the agreement. The mortgage is secured by the the subsidiary's real estate, related rents, and \$500,000 lease payment reserve that was transferred to and held by the lender.

2,946,661

Loan payable by a Civic subsidiary to a foundation of up to \$10,000,000 to be made in periodic draws. Proceeds from each draw will bear no interest for a period of eighteen months from receipt of draw. Thereafter outstanding amounts will bear interest at the rate of 2% per annum through maturity when the unpaid principal balance is due. \$2,956,720 matures on February 22, 2023 and \$3,366,382 matures on December 31, 2023.

6,323,102

Loan payable by a Civic subsidiary to a CDFI in the amount of \$2,920,000 bearing interest at a rate of 6.25% per annum and maturing on May 19, 2021. Fixed payments of \$13,926 including principal and interest are due monthly beginning January 15, 2016 through date of maturity.

1,904,824

Loan payable by a Civic subsidiary to a bank in the amount of \$4,380,000. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.91% based on an interest swap rate agreement (Notes 13 and 14). Interest and a fixed principal amount of \$8,512 is due monthly through maturity on May 19, 2021.

4,073,565

Sub-total (carried forward)

17,419,711

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 11 - Loans Payable (continued)

Sub-total (brought forward)

\$17,419,711

Mortgages payable of a Civic subsidiary to a CDFI. On April 16, 2015, the existing mortgage was modified into a senior mortgage and a junior mortgage in the amounts of \$5,680,000 and \$317,324, respectively. The senior mortgage requires monthly payments of \$39,619, including principal and interest per annum through maturity on May 1, 2035 at a rate of 5.67%. The junior mortgage was fully repaid during 2016. The Senior Note is secured by the Civic subsidiary's real estate and related rents.

5,072,172

A Civic subsidiary entered into senior and junior construction mortgages in the amounts of \$8,365,000 and \$1,850,000, respectively. The senior loan requires interest only payments at a variable rate based on the 30-day LIBOR rate plus 250 basis points through June 15, 2018, then principal and interest payments through its maturity on December 15, 2023. Effective July 15, 2018, the subsidiary has entered into an interest-rate swap agreement with regard to the senior loan (Notes 13 and 14). The junior loan requires interest only payments at 6% through June 20, 2018, then principal and interest payments through its maturity on December 20, 2023.

9,693,980

A Civic subsidiary, along with 600 Associates LLC ("Developer") and 600 East 156th Street LIHTC LLC ("Owner"), entered into a construction loan in the amount of \$5,477,710. The loan requires interest only payments at a rate 6.34% through maturity on June 28, 2020. Upon maturity, the Civic subsidiary will have the option to convert the construction loan to a permanent loan. Upon substantial completion of the school, the Developer and the Owner will be released from all obligations under the construction loan.

164,898

Loan payable by a Civic Subsidiary to a private foundation aggregating \$4,970,360, for the purpose of financing the development of three charter schools. The loan does not bear interest and the principal is due upon maturity on December 9, 2027. Interest has been imputed in the amount of \$993,855 and recognized as a contribution to the Civic subsidiary and netted against loan payable. Interest expense recognized during the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$64,207.

4,040,712

Sub-total (carried forward)

36,391,473

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 11 - Loans Payable (continued)

Sub-total (brought forward)

\$36,391,473

A Civic Subsidiary entered into direct loans 1, 2 and 3 consisting of three building notes in the amount of \$2,354,848 and three project notes totaling \$1,330,000. The building and project notes will require payment of interest only at a rate of 6.8% through January 10, 2020. Commencing on February 10, 2020, the notes will require payments of principal and interest through maturity on August 27, 2025, at which time the outstanding principal and accrued interest will also be due. At December 31, 2018, the Company had not received any proceeds from the direct loans.

A Civic Subsidiary entered into QLICI Loans 1, 2 and 3 consisting of nine building notes in the amounts of \$9,844,978 (three "Notes Aa"), \$6,603,000 (three "Notes B"), \$5,056,848 (three "Notes C") and three project notes in the amount of \$1,970,174 ("Notes Ab"). All of the notes bear interest at a rate of 4.23491% per annum. Notes Aa and Ab require payments of interest only, commencing on October 10, 2018 through August 10, 2025. At August 27, 2025, the maturity date, Notes Aa and Ab will require payments of all principal and any unpaid accrued interest. Notes B and C require payment of interest only, commencing on October 10, 2018 through September 10, 2028. Commencing on October 10, 2028, Notes B and C will require monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$57,256 through August 10, 2058. On August 31, 2058, the maturity date, Notes B and C will require payment of the remaining unpaid principal and any unpaid accrued interest.

23,475,000

Total Loans Payable 59,866,473

Less: Unamortized deferred financing costs (1,412,020)

Mortgages payable, less unamortized deferred financing costs 58,454,453

Less: Current portion (974,657)

Non-Current Portion \$57,479,796

Approximate maturities of the debt during the next five years are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2019	

anig beceniber on	
2019	\$ 975,000
2020	1,189,000
2021	6,597,000
2022	973,000
2023	15,664,000

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 11 - Loans Payable (continued)

Interest incurred on these loans was \$1,854,369 during 2018, of which \$362,489 was capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2018. Interest incurred during the year ended December 31, 2018 includes \$64,207 of imputed interest that is recognized as interest expense.

As described in Note 15, \$5,696,000 of the U.S. Department of Education grant has been used as credit enhancement for eleven of the loans payable.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

a - Civic occupies office space pursuant to a lease that expires March 31, 2029. The lease provides for annual rents and additional rent based on increases in real estate taxes. Approximate minimum annual rental payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		
2019	\$	231,000
2020		355,000
2021		334,000
2022		373,000
2023		352,000
Thereafter, through March 31, 2029	2	2,263,000

Office rent expense was \$113,127 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

b - Civic leases portions of nine properties which are subleased to nine charter schools. The leases expire at various dates through 2112. Approximate rent payments due for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2019	\$ 1,915,214
2020	1,862,628
2021	1,920,541
2022	1,980,223
2023	2,041,728
Thereafter	35,267,960

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

- c Civic has a defined contribution 401 (k) plan beginning January 1, 2017, for regular full-time employees age twenty-one and over. Civic makes matching contributions equal to 100% on the first 3% of employees' contributions and 50% on the next 2% of employees' contributions. Civic's contribution for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$81,266.
- d In connection with two Civic subsidiaries' projects, there remained approximately \$16,079,000 of construction contract commitments.
- e Civic has entered into loan guaranty agreements (the "Guaranties"), totaling \$11,815,152, with lenders that made loans to an unrelated entity (the "Entity") for the purpose of developing a charter school. The Guaranties specify certain covenants, including the requirements to maintain a certain level of net assets and to provide periodic financial reporting. The Guaranties will terminate upon satisfaction of certain obligations as defined in the loan agreements or upon the full repayment of the loans by the Entity.

Note 13 - Interest-Rate Swaps

At December 31, 2018, two Civic subsidiaries had outstanding two interest-rate swap agreements with a commercial bank effective November 19, 2013 and July 15, 2018, to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on their floating rate long-term loans (Note 11). The agreements have total notional principal amounts equivalent to the subsidiaries' outstanding long-term loans. The agreements effectively change the subsidiaries' interest rate exposure on the equivalent amounts of their floating rate notes to fixed rates of 4.91% and 5.19%. The interest-rate swap agreements mature May 15, 2021 and December 15, 2023.

Note 14 - Fair Value Measurements

The interest-rate swaps are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The values of the interest rate swaps are based on unobservable inputs, and are therefore, classified within Level 3.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 14 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the changes in assets and liabilities measured using unobservable inputs were as follows:

Interest-rate swap, beginning of year \$ Change in fair value of interest-rate swap (94,648)

Interest-rate swap, end of year \$\frac{\$(94,648)}{}

Note 15 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Civic maintains its cash, restricted cash and unrestricted and restricted investments at financial institutions and in money market funds, United States Treasury notes and certificates of deposits. At December 31, 2018, \$2,291,611 was invested in a money market mutual fund that invests in United States Treasury securities. See Note 5 regarding investments in United States Treasury notes and certificates of deposits.

Note 16 - U.S. Department of Education Grant

On April 7, 2008, Civic was awarded \$8,300,000 through the U.S. Department of Education's Credit Enhancement for Charter School Facilities Grants Program (the "Grant").

The Grant is to assist Civic in obtaining lower cost financing to fund the construction of charter schools to be leased on favorable terms to charter schools in communities in need. The Grant term expires in 2033.

The Grant requires that the amount awarded and interest earned thereon be invested in segregated accounts consisting of permissible investments (as defined by the grant).

Note 17 - Subsequent Event

On or about April 26, 2019, a Civic subsidiary will enter into an agreement to sell its charter school facility to its charter school tenant for approximately \$15,650,000 and will return the school's security deposit. The majority of the sale proceeds will be used to repay three loans payable.



CIVIC BUILDERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Credit Enhancement for Charter		
Schools Facilities Program	84.35A	<u>\$8,550,898</u>

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Civic Builders, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2018, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 25, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of consolidated financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lutz + Can, LLP

New York, New York April 25, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018. Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lutz + Can, XXP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies are in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program includes:

<u>Program</u>	<u>CFDA</u>
U.S. Department of Education: Credit Enhancement for Charter	
Schools Facilities Program	84.35A

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Civic Builders, Inc. and Subsidiaries was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit

None

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None